

Nimmons Residence



Address	1827 14th St SW Google Maps Nimmons
Community	Bankview - Ward 8
Year Constructed	1898
Type	Residential
Current Owner	Stan Martin, Alberta Mining Corporation Limited. 253147 Bearspaw Road NW Calgary, Alberta T3L 2P5 (Source: Dec 14 2017 City Bylaw Agreement from Owner) The residence is currently up for sale June 2018 Real Estate Listing
CHI Watch Risk¹	High (4 out of 5)
Designation²	Not designated. Provincial Registration 1/1/1980.
City Inventory	Heritage Inventory Nimmons
Significance³	Nimmons Residence is a prominent building from Calgary's golden age of ranching. It is one of the few remaining examples of a ranch house within Calgary, and one of the best example of the Queen Anne Revival-Style of architecture within the city. It is one of the first houses in Calgary to be built using red brick instead of buff-coloured brick. Materials were sourced from Nimmons' own quarry and brickworks located on the ranch. Nimmons' brick and sandstone were also used for the Lougheed House, and many of the city's Sandstone homes and schools, helping to spark Calgary's urban development. The Nimmons Residence holds historical significance for the communities of Bankview and Richmond/Knob Hill as it was the first house to be built in the area. The later communities were subdivided from the Nimmons' ranchland. The home is noted for its distinctive hipped and cross-gabled roof and polygonal corner tower with broad wraparound verandah. It is a prominent landmark due to its distinctive

	architectural style, spacious setbacks, and location on an elevated corner property along a main street (14th Street, S.W.).
Who	<p>William and Isabella Nimmons were prominent pioneer ranchers during Calgary’s golden age of ranching. William Nimmons was an influential real estate developer.</p> <p>Interesting Facts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nimmons bought the land from the Hudson’s Bay Company for \$8 an acre. • Nimmons was once imprisoned by Louis Riel in 1869. • Albert Nimmons (son) competed in the first Calgary Stampede.
Status	<p>The Nimmons Residence was recommended for municipal designation at the Jan 15, 2018 meeting of the City’s Planning and Urban Development Committee, under the condition that the current owner may relocate the house to a specific envelop on the same parcel of land to create room for further, higher-density development. This plan was tied to a prior Land Use application. At the Jan 22, 2018 meeting of City Council, a motion to withdraw and abandon the designation bylaw passed, because the owner had expressed intent to submit a new Land Use application for a combined parcel that could change the proposed relocation of the house. The rationale for abandoning the bylaw was that future de-designation might be required to allow for a different relocation plan than specified in the proposed bylaw. De-designation to allow relocation of a historic resource is highly controversial. City Council decided in 2017 to de-designate the Eau Claire Smokestack to relocate it. This was the first time that the city had de-designated a municipal historical resource. The heritage community expressed concern that de-designation would set a precedent for other protected properties. While not formally designated, the property remains protected under a previous agreement.</p> <p>The residence is currently listed for sale and the price has been reduced by \$1 million, suggesting that the seller is motivated. It is uncertain what a new developer will propose for the site.</p>
CHI’s Position Statement	<p>CHI believes that relocating a property within site boundaries should not occur if the placement of the property is a defining characteristic of its historic significance. This is consistent with the intent of the Standards & Guidelines for the Conservation of Historic Places in Canada. Relocating a building should be the last possible option to save it. By including an agreement within a designation bylaw to allow for future relocation, it could set a precedent for future designations to contain similar clauses.</p> <p>CHI urges the City of Calgary to consider the intent of preservation principals of protection and enhancement (as outlined in the heritage policy of the Municipal Development Plan) when considering development on historic sites or streetscapes and send a message to the citizens of Calgary that heritage preservation is a priority.</p>
Upcoming	New land use, development permit applications and a designation bylaw will be forthcoming as redevelopment plans for the site evolve. This presents an opportunity to revisit retention of the Residence in its original historic placement on the site.
Public Call to Action	<p>Follow CHI and watch the media for updates on a new land use application and designation bylaw for this property. Voice your concerns and support for preserving and designating this very significant heritage resource to:</p> <p>Ward 8 Councillor Evan Woolley evan.woolley@calgary.ca and your own Ward Councillor.</p> <p>cc: CHI, contact@calgaryheritage.org, Josh Traptow, The Calgary Heritage Authority josh@calgaryheritageauthority.com Clint Robertson, Senior Heritage Planner, City of Calgary, Clint.Robertson@calgary.ca and Nathan Berko, Bankview Community Association, development@bankview.org</p>

Related articles & posts	April 2 2018 CHI Nimmons Post Jan 15 2018 City of Calgary PUD Meeting 7.3 Jan 15 2018 Global News Nimmons Jan 15 2018 Calgary Herald Nimmons Century Homes - Nimmons
Historic Photos	Glenbow Photo Archives #NA-3691-3, NA-3691-4, NA-3691-29, NA-3691-12, NA-3423-1, NA-3691-13, NA-3691-14

Updated: June 12, 2018 KP

www.calgaryheritage.org



© Calgary Heritage Initiative Society, 2018

1. CHI Heritage Watch Rating

5	Imminent loss	Active plans for demolition
4	High Risk	Risk factors + negative intentions / dormant demolition plans
3	At Risk	Risk factors
2	Possible Risk	Unknown intentions or mix of negative and positive factors
1	Monitoring	Positive intentions but still possible risk

2. A designated Municipal Historic Resources is legally protected against demolition or inappropriate changes.

3. Primary Source: City of Calgary Inventory of Evaluated Historic Resources